

### NIOWAVE'S CLOSED LOOP FUEL CYCLE FOR DOMESTIC PRODUCTION OF MO-99 AND OTHER ISOTOPES

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### OUTLINE

- Niowave Background
  - o Medical isotope company
  - Program overview
- o Mo-99 Radiochemistry
  - o Fuel Cycle
  - o Scale-Up Plan
- o Mo-99 Program Review
  - o Uranium Target Assembly
  - Dissolution & Gas Extraction
  - o UREX

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- o Mo-99 Chemistry
- o Other Isotopes
- o Uranium Recovery
- Target Fabrication
- o Emissions
  - Niowave Emissions strategy
  - o Emissions Monitoring



# NIOWAVE BACKGROUND

## NIOWAVE, INC.

- Spun off from MSU's National Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory in 2005
- Began building accelerator components for US and international laboratories
- Built up infrastructure and know-how to operate superconducting linacs.
- Now focused on using accelerators to produce radioisotopes for nuclear medicine



Lansing, Michigan Headquarters











### **PROGRAM OVERVIEW**

Mo-99 Program Superconducting Electron Linac Uranium Fuel Kr, Xe Mo-99 + FP 10 kCi/week

### **Reactor Program**



## Ac-225 Program Rn-222 Superconducting Electron Linac Ra-226 Solution Ac-225 1 Ci/wk

### THERAPEUTIC $\alpha \& \beta EMITTERS$

Niowave manufactures radioisotopes from radium and uranium

Pb-214

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Pm-149

6



### MO-99 PROGRAM PHASE CHART

Category			Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	
Production Level			Demo	Pilot	Commercial	
LEU Invento		Total On-Site	1.8 kgU	4.5 kgU	100 kgU	
	ory	Core	1.6 kgU	4.5 kgU	24 kgU	28 kgU
k <sub>eff</sub>			0.43	0.62	0.95	0.99
Accelerator			5 MeV 310 W (Be)	15 MeV 26 kW 20 MeV 10 kW	40 MeV 646 kW	40 MeV 123 kW
Fission Power			23 mW	230 W	230 kW	
Activity Produced <sup>1</sup>			1 mCi batches	10 Ci/week	10 kCi/week	
Radiochemicals Produced			Mo-99 <b>→</b> Tc-99m I-131, Xe-133	Sr-89, Y-91, Ce-141, Nd-147, Pm-149	Sb-127→Te-127 Ba-140→La-140 Ce-143→Pr-143	
NRC	License Type		Materials	Materials	TBD	
	Regulatory Process <sup>2</sup>		10 CFR 30, 70	10 CFR 30, 70	10 CFR 30, 51, 70 (50 TBD)	
FDA Regulatory Process			-	Facility Registered	DMF <sup>3</sup> Filed / Referenced	
Location			HQ	HQ / Airport	Airport Campus	
Completion Date			Dec 2018 COMPLETE	Dec 2021	Dec 2023	

<sup>1</sup>10 kCi/week Mo-99 EOB = 1,550 6 day Ci/week Mo-99 <sup>2</sup>Including 10 CFR 20, 3X, 40, 7X <sup>3</sup>Drug Master File 01/11/2021





# MO-99 RADIOCHEMISTRY

SCALE- UP TO COMMERCIAL PRODUCTION

### MO-99 PROGRAM RADIOCHEMISTRY



### RADIOCHEMISTRY SCALE UP PLAN



### GOAL-MO-99 PHASE 2 RADIOCHEMISTRY

- NIOWAVE Accelerating Your Particles
- The goal of this work is to produce one fully integrated model isotope processing line for the Mo-99 program which performs the entire fuel cycle as well as Mo-99 and other fission product purification, packaging, and assay for sale.
  - Capacity: 10 kgU/week
  - Throughput: 1 kgU/week
  - Activity: 100 mCi/week Mo-99 and other FPs





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12

CURRENT STATUS & NEXT STEPS



## URANIUM TARGET ASSEMBLY



## URANIUM TARGET ASSEMBLY

- The Uranium Target Assembly (UTA) is a subcritical assembly, open-pool type LWR
  - Electron linac driven
  - Photoneutron source (LBE)
  - Uranium oxide fuel
  - Light water cooled, moderated, reflected





14

## **UTA-2 CURRENT DESIGN**

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Neutron Source						
Electron beam energy (MeV)	15	20				
Electron beam power (kW)	17.3	7.0				
Neutron converter	Lead-Bism	Lead-Bismuth Eutectic				
Neutron source $\left(\frac{n}{s}\right)$	5.5 >	$5.5 \times 10^{12}$				
Mechanical						
Fuel loading - LEU (kgU)	7.0	7.000				
Fuel loading - NU (kgU)	11.	11.577				
<sup>235</sup> U enrichment (wt%)	9.	9.75				
<sup>235</sup> U fuel loading in LEU (gU)	68	682.5				
$U_3O_8$ fuel density $\left(\frac{g}{cm^3}\right)$	4.	4.15				
Fuel type	U3	U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub>				
Fuel pellet radius (cm)	0.	0.65				
Cladding type	Al 6	A1 6061				
Cladding OD and Wall Thickness (cn	n) 1.5875 ar	1.5875 and 0.1245				
Number of fuel rods LEU	5	52				
Number of fuel rods NU	8	86				
Lattice type	Squ	Square				
Core pitch (cm)	2	2.9				
Fuel height (cm)	28.	28.818				
Neutronics						
Fission energy per electron $\left(\frac{J}{e}\right)$	$3.187 \times 10^{-14}$	$1.056  imes 10^{-13}$				
k <sub>eff</sub>	$k_{eff}$ 0.70342 ± 0.00014					
Thermal flux level $\left(\frac{n}{cm^2 \cdot s}\right)$	1.5 ×	$1.5  imes 10^{10}$				
Fission power (W)	2:	230				
Fraction of fission power in NU/LEU	J 0.12	0.12/0.88				
Fuel burnup per cycle (% and $\frac{MWD_t}{MTHM}$	$()$ $1.0 \times 10^{-5}$	$1.0\times10^{-5}$ and $0.088$				
Isotope Production						
<sup>99</sup> Mo Activity $\left(\frac{Ci}{wk}\right)$	1	10				
Irradiation cycle length (days)		7				





15

### OPERATIONAL SOURCE & URANIUM TARGET ASSEMBLY

#### Neutron source Install





Operational & uranium Target Assembly



#### Quartz Converter Model











# DISSOLUTION & GASEXTRACTION





### DISSOLUTION & GAS EXTRACTION

#### Uranium dissolution:

o Dissolve in nitric acid at room temperature under vacuum

#### Xenon capture:

- o Liquid nitrogen cooled SS cup
- $\circ$   $\,$  80 % yield for sale  $\,$
- $\circ$  No iodine observed

#### lodine capture:

- o 6 M NaOH bubbler, 100 °C uranyl nitrate, 3-hour capture time.
- o 50 % yield for sale
- o Residual I captured on silver zeolite filter or remaining in solution.











OPERATED BY SAVANNAH RIVER NUCLEAR SOLUTIONS



Total LEU Inventory = 100 kgU



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### UREX

#### Current Status:

- Designed & fabricated centrifugal contactor system to separate fission products from uranium
- Successfully tested a 12-stage centrifugal contactor bank with irradiated uranium
- Uranium and fission product extractions are benchmarked with AMUSE modeling provided by Argonne
- Solvent clean-up and recycling testing in progress under guidance from SRNL

#### Next Steps:

Updated 9/22/2020

- Implementation of shielding for handling higher activities
- o Throughput and longevity testing















# MO-99 CHEMISTRY







### MO-99 CHEMISTRY

#### **Current Status:**

- Mo-99 extracted from a UREX raffinate using a novel liquid liquid extraction technique, then purified and concentrated using an anion exchange column
- Process demonstrated at the bench top scale with irradiated uranium using separatory funnels
- o Initial testing in centrifugal contactors is ongoing

#### Next Steps:

• Testing of MoLLE process in centrifugal contactors using irradiated uranium

Publication Pending: M. Alex Brown, et.al., "Recovery of High Specific Activity Molybdenum-99 from Accelerator-Induced Fission on Low-Enriched Uranium for Technetium-99m Generators." Scientific Reports







22

Accelerating Your Particles







## **OTHER ISOTOPES**





### **OTHER ISOTOPES**

#### **Current Focus**

Ce/Pr, Ln Group, Sr/Y

#### On the Docket

Ba/La, Ln Individual (Nd, Pm, Sm), Ru, Rh, Sb, Te, Zr/Nb

#### Other Isotopes:

- o Extraction of isotopes from MoLLE raffinate
  - Lanthanides: Group separation from MoLLE raffinate followed by individual isolation
    - o Ce: electrochemical oxidation followed by LLE
  - o Sr: Separation and purification from MoLLE raffinate









# URANIUM RECOVERY

### URANIUM RECOVERY

#### Current Status:

- $\circ$  Uranyl nitrate is distilled then precipitated using oxalic acid. Uranyl oxalate is filtered then calcined to produce U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8.</sub>
- $\circ$  Successfully recovered U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> from uranyl nitrate after UREX at 40 gU scale.

#### Next Steps:

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- Optimize operational steps to increase throughput
- Size equipment for kilogram batches of uranium











### TARGET FABRICATION

#### Target Fabrication:

- Processed and pressed powder into pellets at high quality.
- o 60 % theoretical density green pellets.
- o Sieving
  - ZrO grinding media used to produce 0.2-20 μm mesh size powder
- Accelerating Your Particles
- o Pressing
  - 5 gU pellet produced using a 3 ton force with steric acid lubrication









# EMISSIONS

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### EMISSIONS FROM ISOTOPE PRODUCTION AT NIOWAVE

- Iodine and Xenon are highest activity & most restrictive isotopes that will come out of isotope production (fission).
- $\circ$  lodine
  - <u>Primary:</u> sparge uranyl nitrate and capture in NaOH bubbler
  - o <u>Abatement</u>: silver zeolite trap

#### ○ Xenon:

- o <u>Primary:</u> liquid nitrogen cooled coil
- <u>Abatement:</u> liquid nitrogen cooled (-120
  C) charcoal trap.
- o <u>Detection:</u> Xe stack monitor (HPGe)

lodine:



#### Xenon:



Insert picture of xenon abatement trap here!



## **STACK MONITOR**

- PNNL funded Mirion stack monitor installed at Niowave in Q1 2021.
- Successfully delivered, installed, and connected to the stack.
- System will detect emissions during pilot scale operations of Mo-99 production and separation starting in Q4 2021.







# THANK YOU – QUESTIONS?

130 18

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